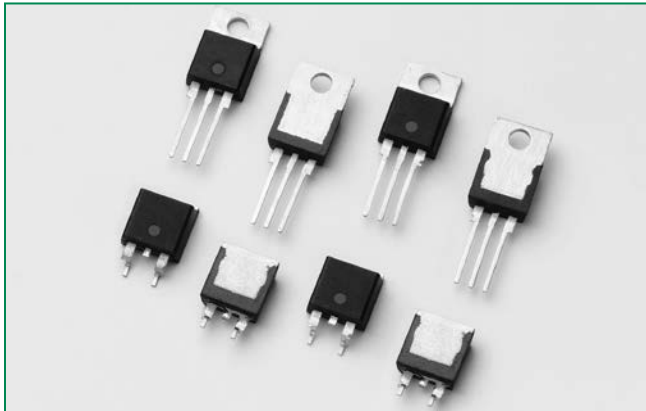


Qxx12xHx Series



Description

This 12 Amp bidirectional solid state switch series is designed for AC switching and phase control applications such as motor speed and temperature modulation controls, lighting controls, and static switching relays.

Standard alternistor triac components operate with in-phase signals in Quadrants I or III and ONLY unipolar negative gate pulses for Quadrant II or III. The alternistor triac will not operate in Quadrant IV. These are used in circuit applications requiring a high dv/dt capability.

Agency Approval

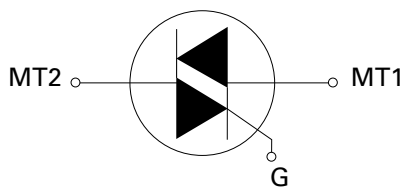
Agency	Agency File Number
	E71639*

* - L Package Only

Main Features

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	12	A
V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}	400, 600, 800 or 1000	V
$I_{GT (Q1)}$	10 or 50	mA

Schematic Symbol



Features & Benefits

- RoHS Compliant
- Glass – passivated junctions
- Voltage capability up to 1000 V
- Surge capability up to 120 A
- The L-package has an isolation rating of 2500V_{RMS}
- Solid-state switching eliminates arcing or contact bounce that create voltage transients
- No contacts to wear out from reaction of switching events
- Restricted (or limited) RFI generation, depending on activation point sine wave
- Requires only a small gate activation pulse in each half-cycle

Applications

Excellent for AC switching and phase control applications such as heating, lighting, and motor speed controls.

Typical applications are AC solid-state switches, light dimmers, power tools, lawn care equipment, home/brown goods and white goods appliances.

Alternistor Triacs (no snubber required) are used in applications with extremely inductive loads requiring highest commutation performance.

Internally constructed isolated packages are offered for ease of heat sinking with highest isolation voltage.

Additional Information



Datasheet



Resources



Samples

Absolute Maximum Ratings — Alternistor (3 Quadrants)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current (full sine wave)	Qxx12LHy $T_c = 90^\circ\text{C}$	12	A
		Qxx12RHy Qxx12NHy $T_c = 105^\circ\text{C}$		
I_{TSM}	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, T_J initial = 25°C)	f = 50 Hz t = 20 ms	110	A
		f = 60 Hz t = 16.7 ms	120	
I^2t	I^2t Value for fusing	$t_p = 8.3$ ms	60	A^2s
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	f = 120 Hz $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	70	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
I_{GTM}	Peak gate trigger current	$t_p = 20$ μs $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	4	A
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power dissipation	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	0.5	W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating junction temperature range		-40 to 125	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: xx = voltage/10, y = sensitivity

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) — Alternistor Triac (3 Quadrants)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Quadrant	Qxx12xH2	Qxx12xH5	Unit	
I_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60\ \Omega$	I – II – III	MAX.	10	50	mA
V_{GT}	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 60\ \Omega$	I – II – III	MAX.	1.3	1.3	V
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $R_L = 3.3\ \text{k}\Omega$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I – II – III	MIN.	0.2	0.2	V
I_H	$I_T = 100\text{mA}$		MAX.	15	50	mA
dv/dt	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	400V	MIN.	300	750	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
		600V		200	650	
		800V		150	500	
	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	1000V		150	300	
(dv/dt)c	(di/dt)c = 6.5 A/ms $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN.	2	30	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
t_{gt}	$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ PW = 15 μs $I_T = 17.0$ A(pk)		TYP.	4	4	μs

Static Characteristics

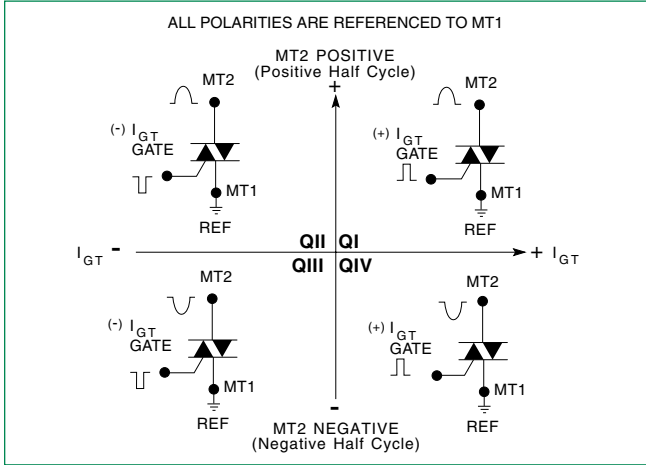
Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit		
V_{TM}	$I_{TM} = 17.0\text{A}$ $t_p = 380\ \mu\text{s}$	MAX.	1.60	V	
I_{DRM} I_{RRM}	$V_D = V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 400-1000V	MAX.	10	μA
		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 400-800V		2	mA
		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ 1000V		3	

Thermal Resistances

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
$R_{\theta(J-C)}$	Junction to case (AC)	Qxx12RHy Qxx12NHy	1.2	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
		Qxx12LHy	2.3	
$R_{\theta(J-A)}$	Junction to ambient (AC)	Qxx12RHy	45	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
		Qxx12LHy	90	

Note: xx = voltage/10, y = sensitivity

Figure 1: Definition of Quadrants



Note: Alternistors will not operate in QIV

Figure 2: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Current for All Quadrants vs. Junction Temperature

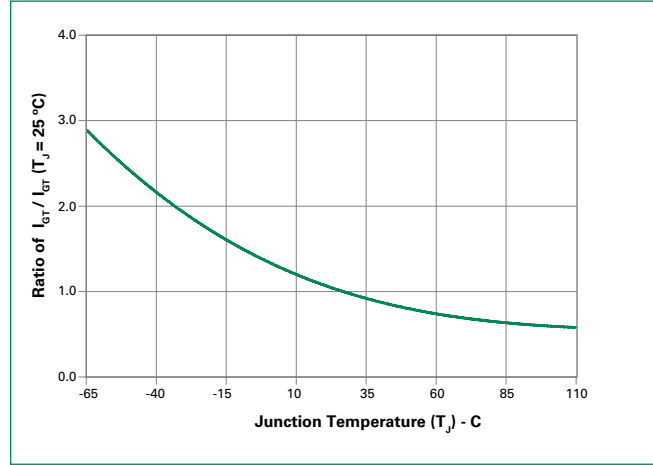


Figure 3: Normalized DC Holding Current vs. Junction Temperature

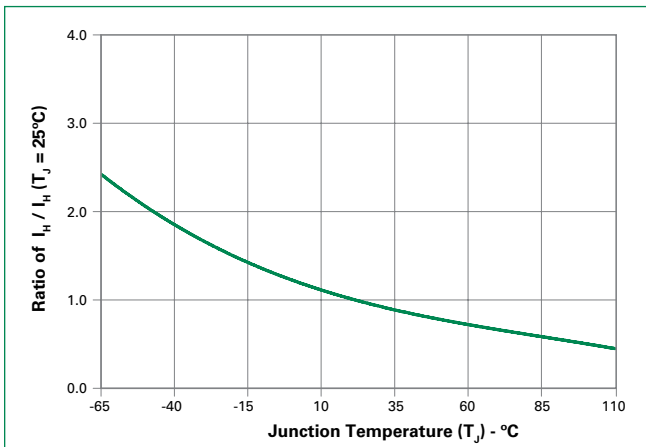


Figure 4: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Voltage for All Quadrants vs. Junction Temperature

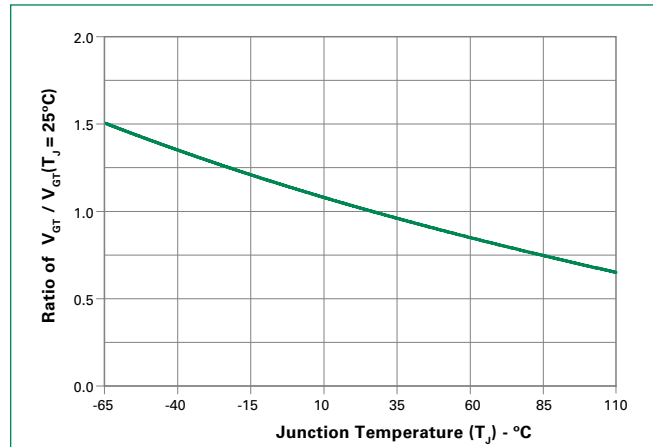


Figure 5: Power Dissipation (Typical) vs. RMS On-State Current

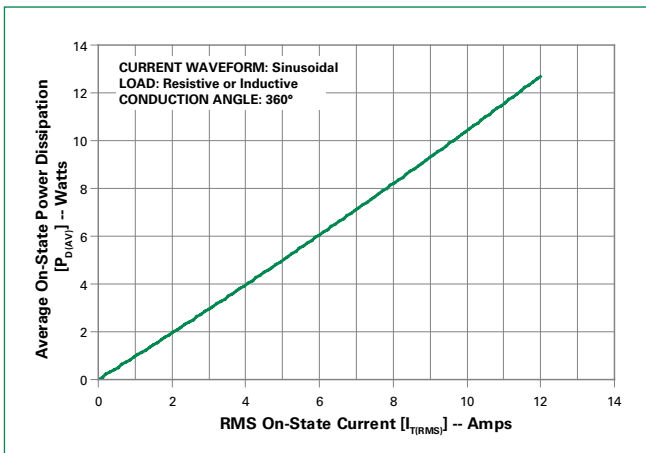


Figure 6: Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. On-State Current

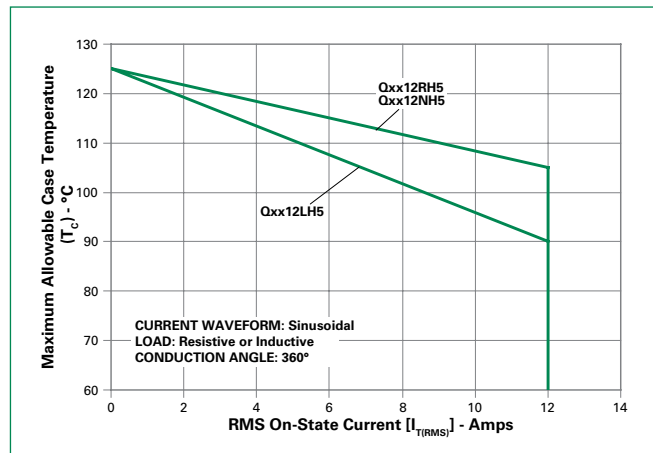


Figure 7: Maximum Allowable Ambient Temperature vs. On-State Current

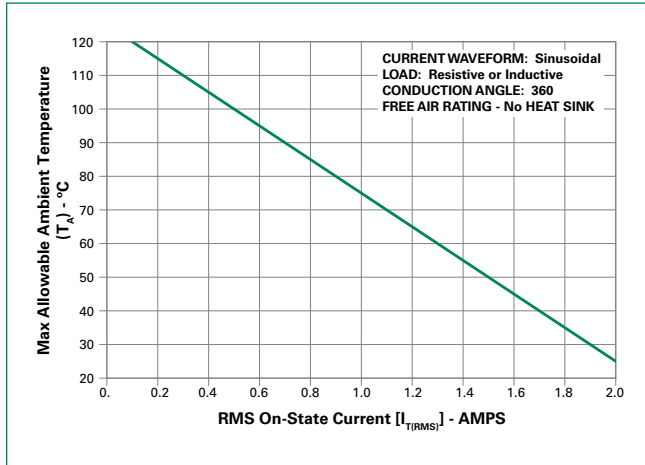


Figure 8: On-State Current vs. On-State Voltage (Typical)

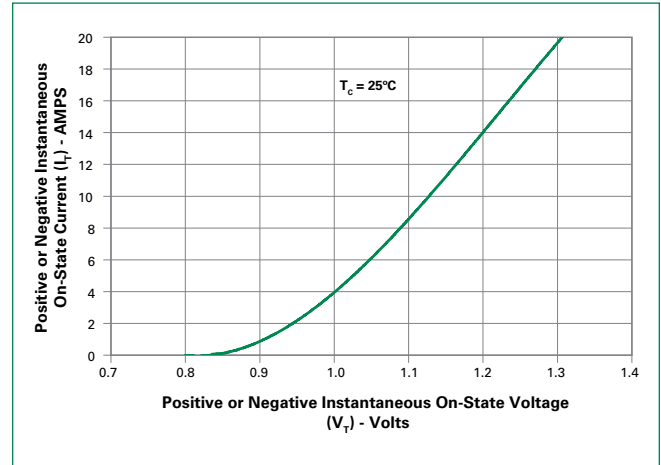
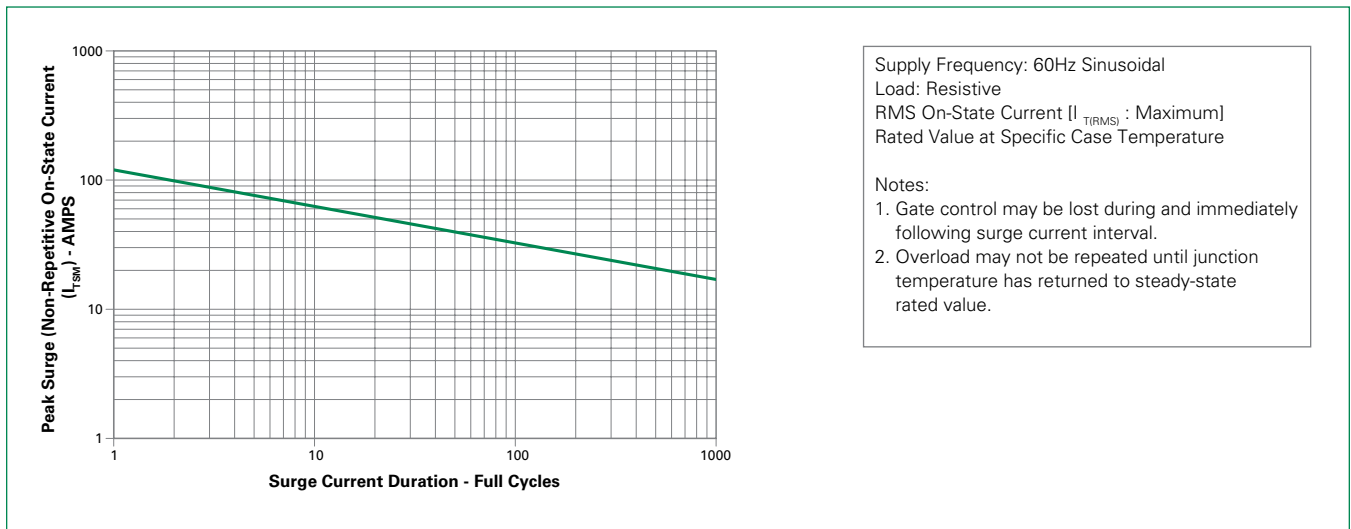


Figure 9: Surge Peak On-State Current vs. Number of Cycles



Soldering Parameters

Reflow Condition		Pb – Free assembly
Pre Heat	- Temperature Min ($T_{s(min)}$)	150°C
	- Temperature Max ($T_{s(max)}$)	200°C
	- Time (min to max) (t_s)	60 – 180 secs
Average ramp up rate (Liquidus Temp) (T_L) to peak		5°C/second max
$T_{s(max)}$ to T_L - Ramp-up Rate		5°C/second max
Reflow	- Temperature (T_L) (Liquidus)	217°C
	- Time (min to max) (t_s)	60 – 150 seconds
Peak Temperature (T_p)		260 ^{+0/-5} °C
Time within 5°C of actual peak Temperature (t_p)		20 – 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate		5°C/second max
Time 25°C to peak Temperature (T_p)		8 minutes Max.
Do not exceed		280°C



Physical Specifications

Terminal Finish	100% Matte Tin-plated
Body Material	UL Recognized compound meeting flammability rating V-0
Terminal Material	Copper Alloy

Design Considerations

Careful selection of the correct component for the application's operating parameters and environment will go a long way toward extending the operating life of the Thyristor. Good design practice should limit the maximum continuous current through the main terminals to 75% of the component rating. Other ways to ensure long life for a power discrete semiconductor are proper heat sinking and selection of voltage ratings for worst case conditions. Overheating, overvoltage (including dv/dt), and surge currents are the main killers of semiconductors. Correct mounting, soldering, and forming of the leads also help protect against component damage.

Environmental Specifications

Test	Specifications and Conditions
AC Blocking	MIL-STD-750, M-1040, Cond A Applied Peak AC voltage @ 125°C for 1008 hours
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-750, M-1051, 100 cycles; -40°C to +150°C; 15-min dwell time
Temperature/Humidity	EIA / JEDEC, JESD22-A101 1008 hours; 320V - DC: 85°C; 85% rel humidity
High Temp Storage	MIL-STD-750, M-1031, 1008 hours; 150°C
Low-Temp Storage	1008 hours; -40°C
Resistance to Solder Heat	MIL-STD-750 Method 2031
Solderability	ANSI/J-STD-002, category 3, Test A
Lead Bend	MIL-STD-750, M-2036 Cond E

Dimensions — TO-220AB (R-Package) — Non-Isolated Mounting Tab Common with Center Lead



Note: Maximum torque to be applied to mounting tab is 8 in-lbs. (0.904 Nm).

Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.380	0.420	9.65	10.67
B	0.105	0.115	2.67	2.92
C	0.230	0.250	5.84	6.35
D	0.590	0.620	14.99	15.75
E	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73
F	0.110	0.130	2.79	3.30
G	0.540	0.575	13.72	14.61
H	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.89
J	0.195	0.205	4.95	5.21
K	0.095	0.105	2.41	2.67
L	0.060	0.075	1.52	1.91
M	0.085	0.095	2.16	2.41
N	0.018	0.024	0.46	0.61
O	0.178	0.188	4.52	4.78
P	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52
R	0.038	0.048	0.97	1.22

Dimensions — TO-220AB (L-Package) — Isolated Mounting Tab



Note: Maximum torque to be applied to mounting tab is 8 in-lbs. (0.904 Nm).

Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.380	0.420	9.65	10.67
B	0.105	0.115	2.67	2.92
C	0.230	0.250	5.84	6.35
D	0.590	0.620	14.99	15.75
E	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73
F	0.110	0.130	2.79	3.30
G	0.540	0.575	13.72	14.61
H	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.89
J	0.195	0.205	4.95	5.21
K	0.095	0.105	2.41	2.67
L	0.060	0.075	1.52	1.91
M	0.085	0.095	2.16	2.41
N	0.018	0.024	0.46	0.61
O	0.178	0.188	4.52	4.78
P	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52
R	0.038	0.048	0.97	1.22

Dimensions — TO-263AB (N-Package) — D²Pak Surface Mount



Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.360	0.370	9.14	9.40
B	0.380	0.420	9.65	10.67
C	0.178	0.188	4.52	4.78
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.89
E	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52
F	0.060	0.075	1.52	1.91
G	0.095	0.105	2.41	2.67
H	0.092	0.102	2.34	2.59
J	0.018	0.024	0.46	0.61
K	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
S	0.590	0.625	14.99	15.88
V	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14
U	0.002	0.010	0.05	0.25
W	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.78

Product Selector

Part Number	Voltage				Gate Sensitivity Quadrants I – II – III	Type	Package
	400V	600V	800V	1000V			
Qxx12LH2	X	X	X		10 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-220L
Qxx12RH2	X	X	X		10 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-220R
Qxx12NH2	X	X	X		10 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-263 D ² PAK
Qxx12LH5	X	X	X	X	50 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-220L
Qxx12RH5	X	X	X	X	50 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-220R
Qxx12NH5	X	X	X	X	50 mA	Alternistor Triac	TO-263 D ² PAK

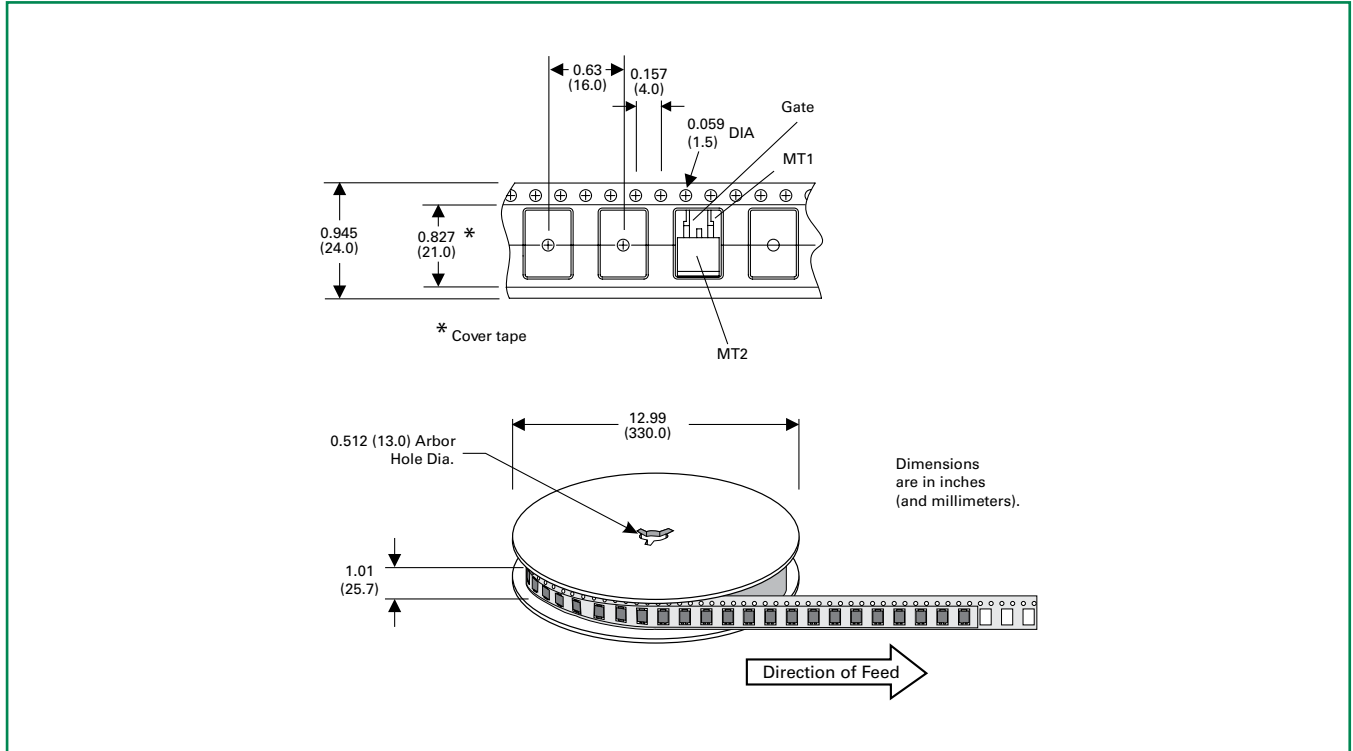
Packing Options

Part Number	Marking	Weight	Packing Mode	Base Quantity
Qxx12L/RHyTP	Qxx12L/RHy	2.2 g	Tube Pack	500 (50 per tube)
Qxx12NHyTP	Qxx12NHy	1.6 g	Tube	500 (50 per tube)
Qxx12NHyRP	Qxx12NHy	1.6 g	Embossed Carrier	500

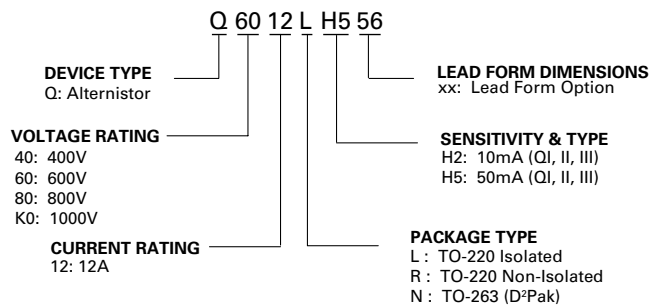
Note: xx = Voltage/10; y = Sensitivity

TO-263 Embossed Carrier Reel Pack (RP)

Meets all EIA-481-2 Standards



Part Numbering System



Part Marking System

